

# NOS' Operational Ocean Forecast Modeling Systems for Navigation Services

*Dr. Greg Seroka, Physical Scientist, Coastal Marine Modeling Branch,  
NOAA/NOS Office of Coast Survey*

**Team:**

*NOAA/NOS/Office of Coast Survey/Coastal Marine Modeling Branch*

*NOAA/NOS/CO-OPS Modeling Team*

*NOAA/NOS/IOOS Operations Division*

*NOAA/NOS/National Geodetic Survey*

*NOAA/National Weather Service*

*Academic Partners, including Univ. of Notre Dame; Columbia River Inter-Tribal*

*Fish Commission; Virginia Institute of Marine Science; Rutgers Univ.; UMass*

*Dartmouth; and many others*

*NOAA: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration*

*NOS: National Ocean Service*

*CO-OPS: Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services*

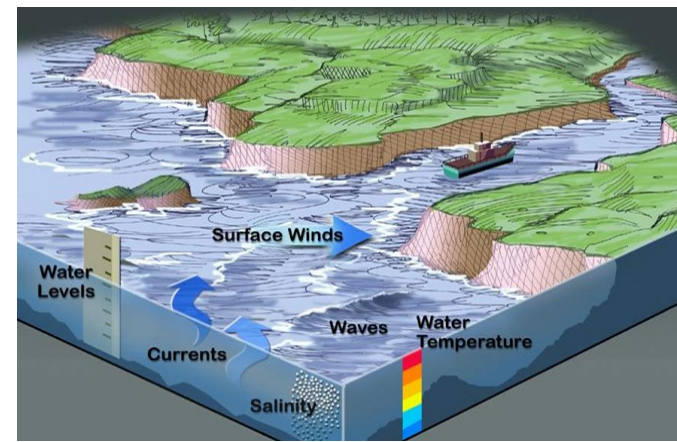
*IOOS: U.S. Integrated Ocean Observing System*



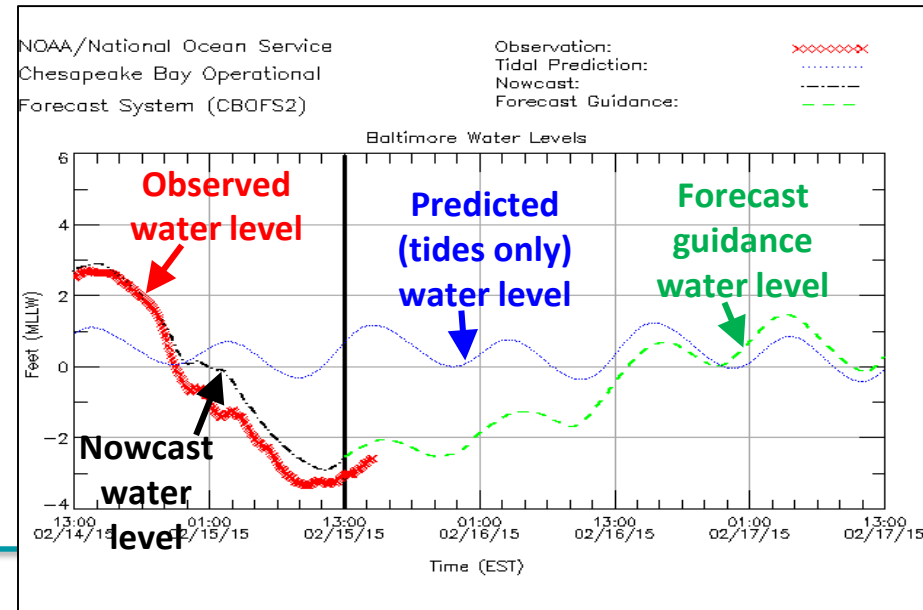
*NOAA Hydrographic Services Review Panel – Spring 2021*

*March 3-4, 2021*

# Why is coastal modeling important?

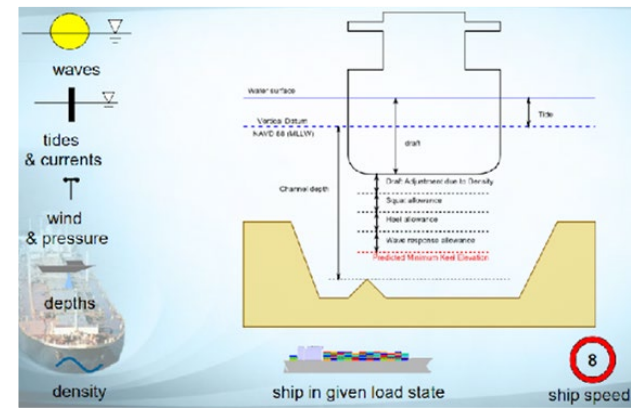


1. Models provide info. in between observation locations
2. Models provide info. about the future (**forecast guidance**)
1. Tide tables predict tides, but not changes in water levels & currents due to **wind, atmospheric pressure, rivers, etc.**
1. Operational coastal & ocean models provide local, official **water level, surface current** forecast guidance for:
  - a) **Marine navigation**
  - b) Coastal resilience, disaster mitigation
  - c) Ecology, fisheries science/management



# End users of ocean forecast guidance

- **Mariners, e.g.**
  - Pilots of ships to navigate into ports safely and efficiently based on tide, current forecasts
- **Storm surge forecasters, e.g.**
  - NOAA National Weather Service (NWS) Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs) to generate flood forecasts during winter storms
  - NOAA/NWS Ocean Prediction Center (OPC) for operational extratropical coastal storm surge forecasts in Marine Weather Discussions



**Under keel clearance management system**

The screenshot shows the National Weather Service website. The main heading is 'Watches, Warnings & Advisories'. Below it, there is a search bar for 'Local weather forecast by "City, ST" or zip code'. The specific alert shown is a 'Coastal Flood Statement' for Nantucket, MA, issued on Dec 18, 2020.

## NWS Forecast Office - Boston / Norton, MA

[Weather.gov](#) > Boston / Norton, MA

Boston / Norton, MA

Weather Forecast Office

[Current Hazards](#) [Current Conditions](#) [Radar](#) [Forecasts](#) [Rivers and Lakes](#) [Climate and Past Weather](#) [Local Programs](#)

Click a location below for detailed forecast.



Last Map Update: Fri, Dec. 18, 2020 at 4:42:09 pm EST

Coastal Hazard Message  
National Weather Service Boston/Norton MA  
1239 PM EST Fri Dec 18 2020

MAZ024-182200-  
/O.NEW.KBOX.CF.S.0015.201218T1800Z-201218T200Z/  
Nantucket MA-  
1239 PM EST Fri Dec 18 2020

\* WHAT...1 foot or less of inundation above ground level expected in low-lying areas near shorelines and tidal waterways (4.6 to 5.1 feet Mean Lower Low Water).

\* WHERE...Nantucket MA County.

\* WHEN...Until 5 PM EST this afternoon.

\* IMPACTS...Some water on low lying roads and property.

PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

Do not drive through flooded roadways.

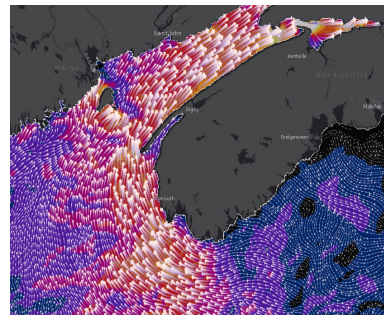
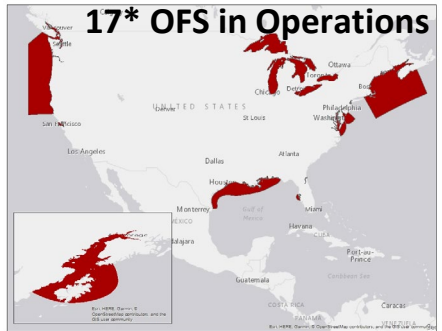
**NWS Coastal Flood Statement**

# NOS Operational Ocean Forecasting Model Systems



## 1. Operational Forecast Systems (OFS)

- NOAA operational models for U.S. coastal waters & Great Lakes
- Short-term nowcasts, 2- to 5-day forecast guidance: water currents, water levels, water T, salt

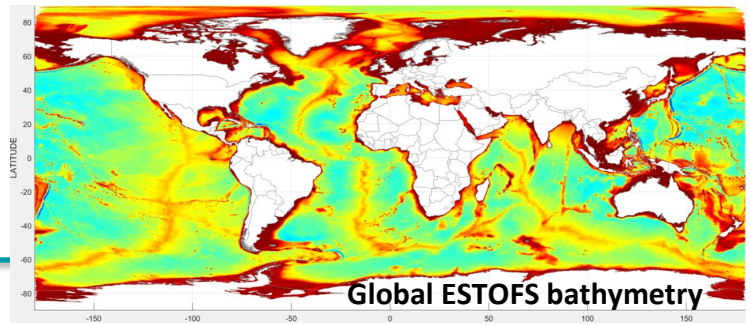


Gulf of Maine Operational Forecast System (GoMOFS)

\*Including NWGOFS, NEGOFs, LMOFS, LHOFS

## 2. Global Extratropical Surge & Tide Operational Forecast System (Global ESTOFS)

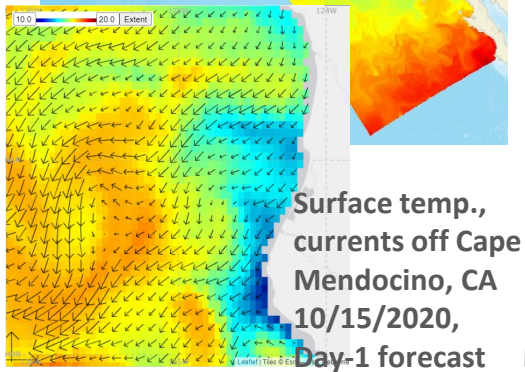
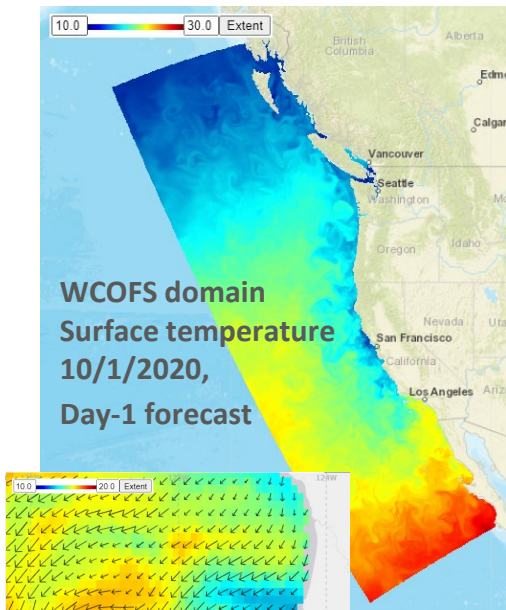
- NOAA operational storm surge modeling system for world
- Nowcasts and 7.5-day forecast guidance of water levels: tides, storm surge, and their combination



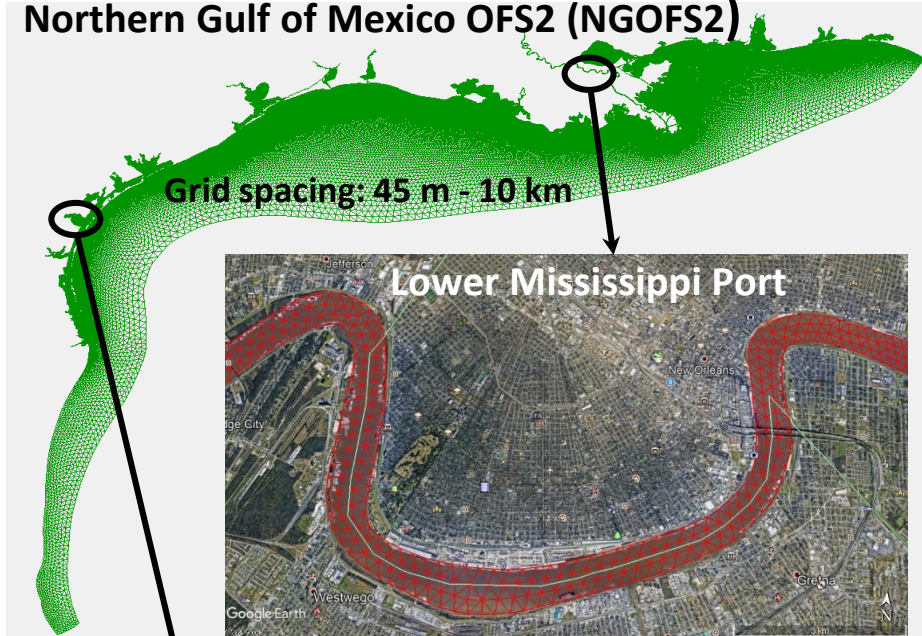
# Examples of OFS

## West Coast OFS (WCOFS)

- First “data assimilative” OFS: assimilates **SST, HF radar surface currents, satellite altimetry**
- 4 km (2.5 mi) grid spacing
- Supports **route planning** (1 knot speed reduction = 10-15% fuel savings), **search and rescue, hazard response**



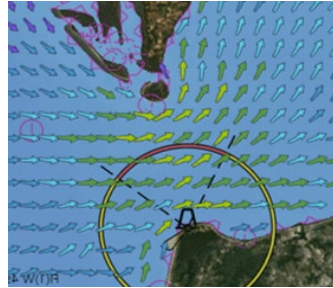
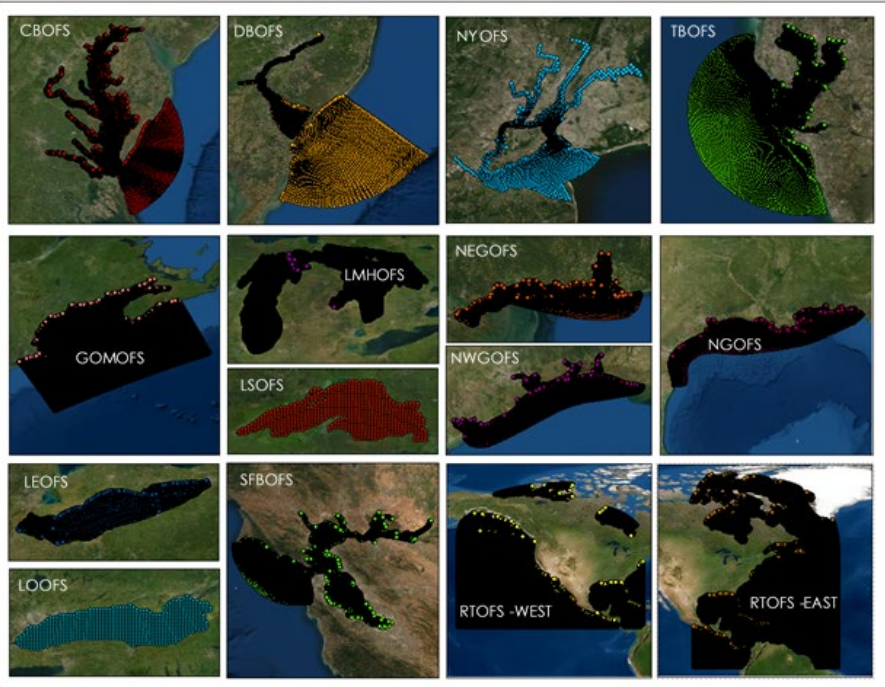
## Northern Gulf of Mexico OFS2 (NGOFS2)



# Navigation Support: S-111 surface currents

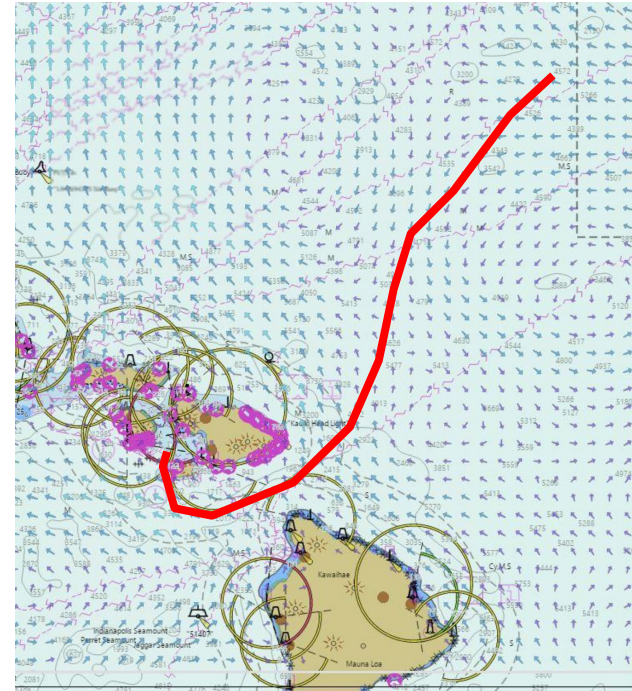


- As part of the **Precision Marine Navigation Data Processing & Dissemination System**, OFS surface current forecast guidance is being encoded in formats following International Hydrographic Organization's (IHO) S-100 Universal Hydrographic Data framework
- **S-111 surface currents**
- Mariners can use current forecasts to plan optimal routes, avoid hazards



Sample S-111 display

Current OFS being encoded in S-111 format



Sample display of S-111 surface currents (not to standard) with possible optimized ship route into port

# Global ESTOFS Description



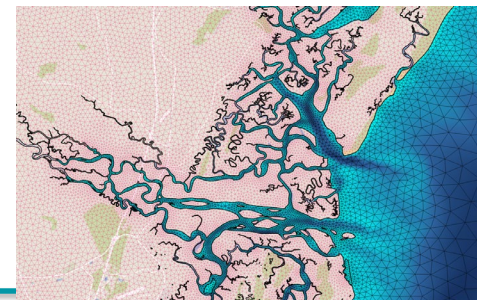
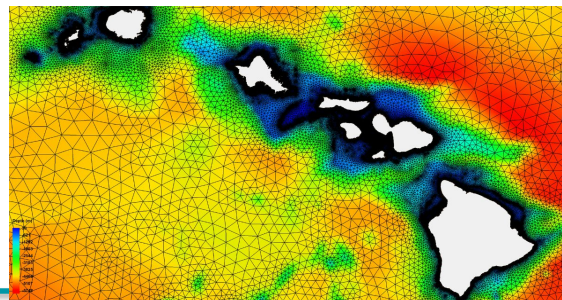
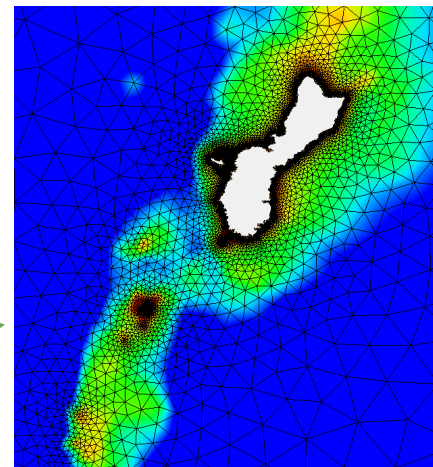
NOAA/NOS' Global ESTOFS provides, to our knowledge, the highest resolution operational global surge forecast guidance today. Coastline resolution is **at least 1.5 km, up to 80 m** globally.

Now, focusing on 1) providing even higher resolution (**25 m**) in key ports;  
2) improving model bathymetry & shoreline

## Extratropical Storm Surge & Tide Operational Forecast System (ESTOFS)

- Advanced CIRCulation (ADCIRC) core hydrodynamic model
- Provides 7-day water level forecasts
- Driven by weather forecast guidance from NOAA's Global Forecast System (GFS) (10 m AGL winds, mean sea level pressure, sea ice)
- Provides water level forecast guidance: tides, storm surge, and their combination **for mariners and storm surge forecasters**
- 4 cycles a day: 00, 06, 12, and 18 UTC

Guam →



# Previous ESTOFS Coverage



## Gaps in Coverage:

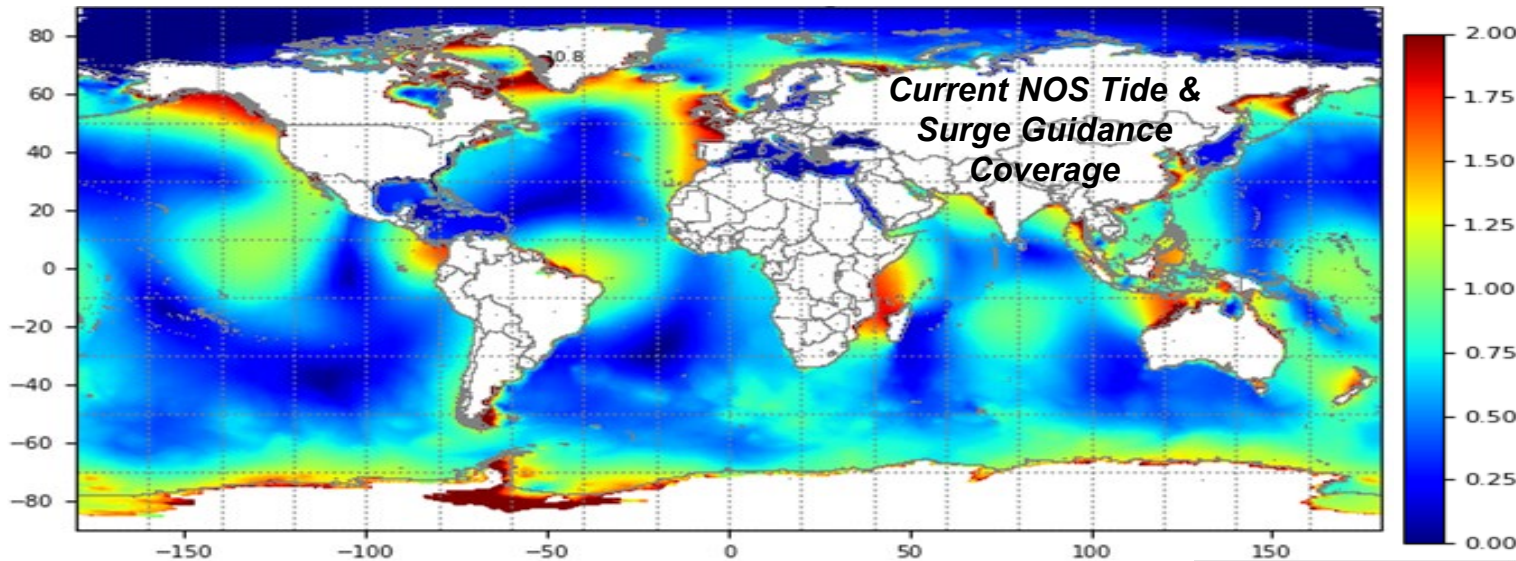
- Western Alaska
- American Samoa
- Northwest Pacific

## Operational Needs:

- Unification of ESTOFS modeling infrastructure
- Reduction of bias and errors due to removal of the grid boundaries
- Inclusion of internal tide-induced dissipation in deep ocean
- Sea-ice effect on wind drag
- Bias correction



# Global ESTOFS Coverage



Maximum forecast water levels (m MSL) from a forecast cycle of Global ESTOFS.

## Global ESTOFS mesh:

8,063,409 nodes

## Point output:

558 locations

Operational 24 Nov 2020

## Coastal resolution:

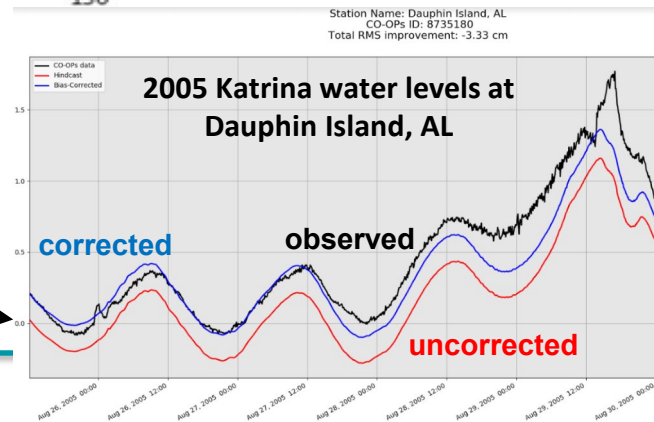
Up to 80 m for Hawaii and US West Coast

Up to 90-120 m for Pac Islands (e.g. Guam, Samoa)

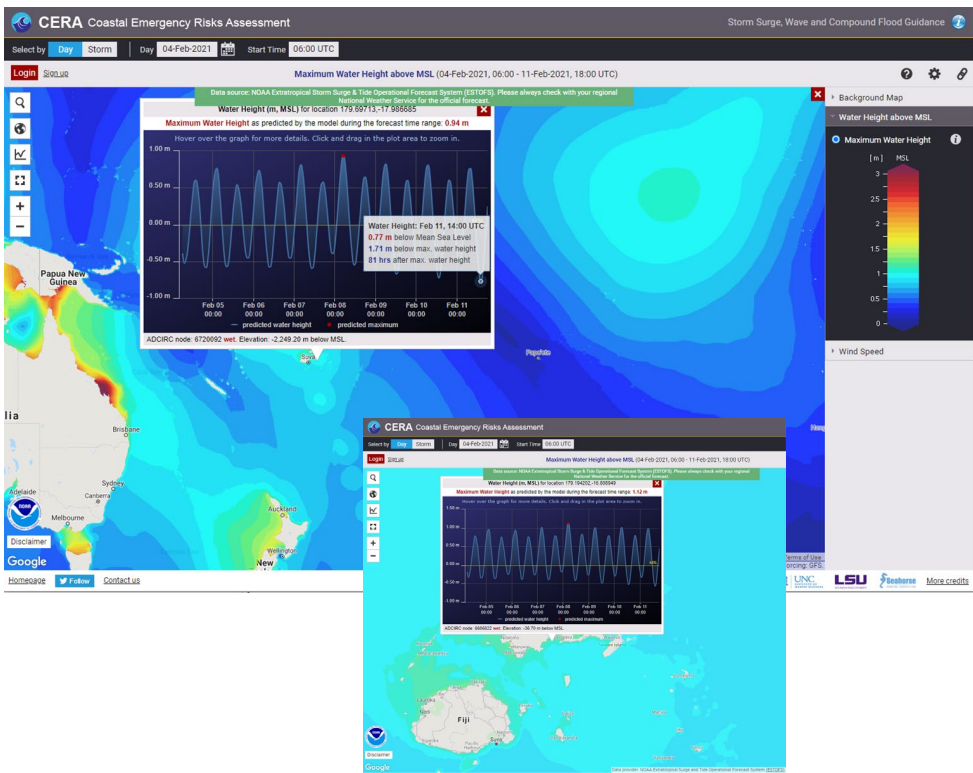
Up to 120 m for US East Coast, PR, Micronesia, AK

## Bias Correction:

Correct bias in simulated water levels based on obs

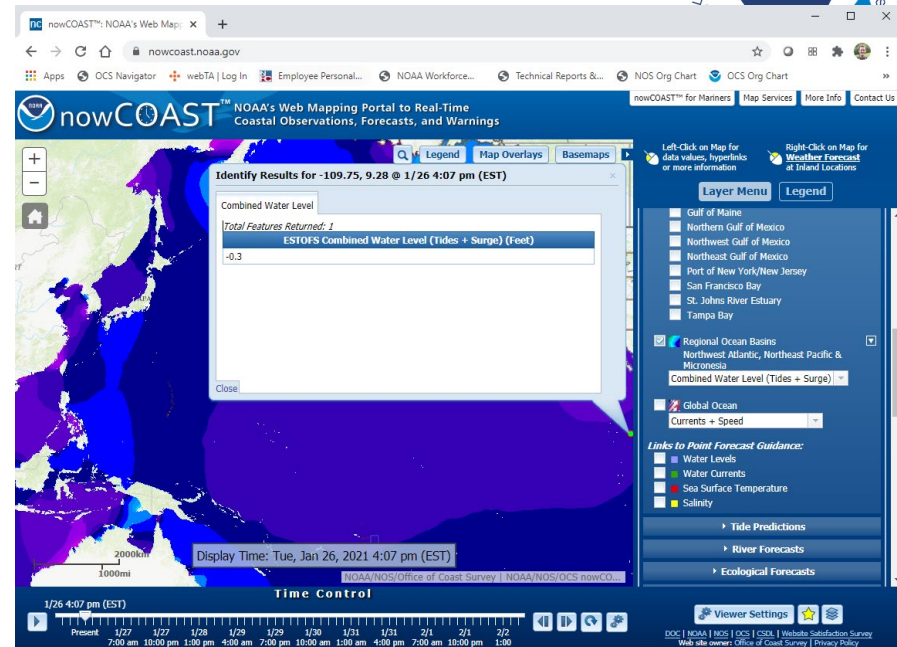


# How to access Global ESTOFS results



[cera.coastalrisk.live](https://cera.coastalrisk.live)

Screenshots of Global ESTOFS storm surge forecast guidance for SW Pacific displayed on CERA's map viewer (zoomable)



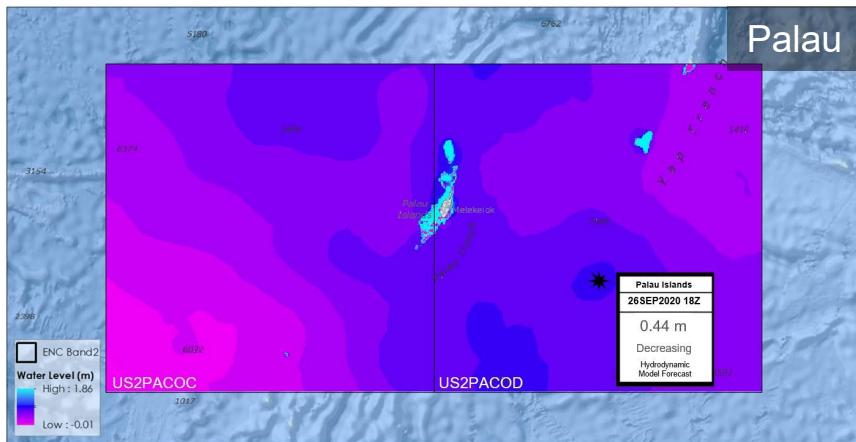
[nowcoast.noaa.gov](https://nowcoast.noaa.gov)

Screenshot of Global ESTOFS storm surge forecast guidance for Pacific region displaying nowCOAST's map viewer (zoomable)

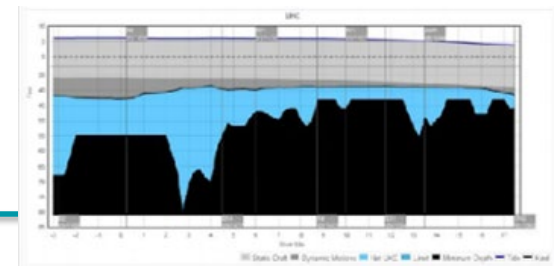
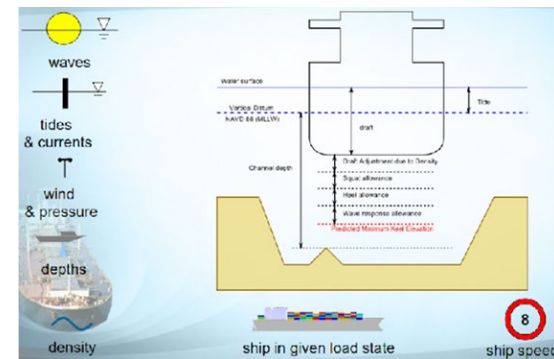
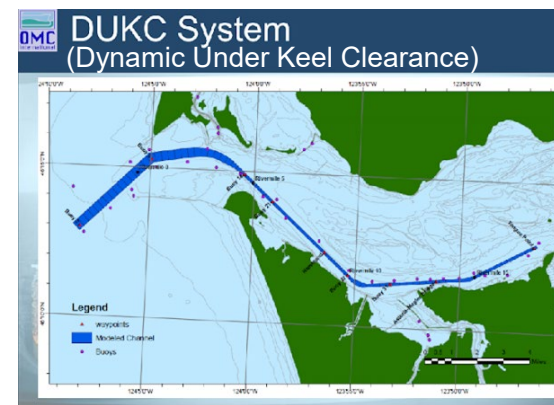
**\*\*We will be providing training workshops for the end user community to learn how to use the model forecast guidance**

# Navigation Support: S-104 water levels

- One of our biggest challenges: our coastal ocean models are referenced to MSL. **For charting and navigation, we need to use chart datum, e.g. MLLW or LAT.**
- Global ESTOFS forecast guidance is also being encoded in IHO S-100 formats
- For example, **S-104 water levels relative to chart datum**
- Mariners can use water level forecasts for improved route monitoring



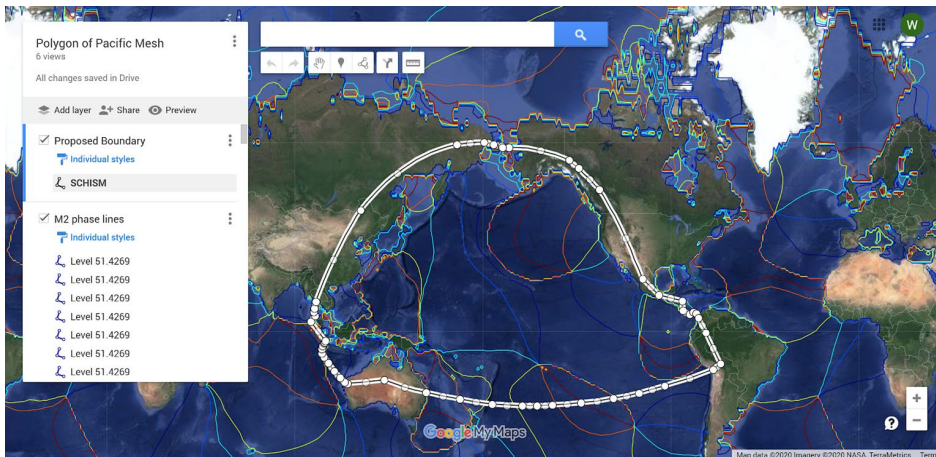
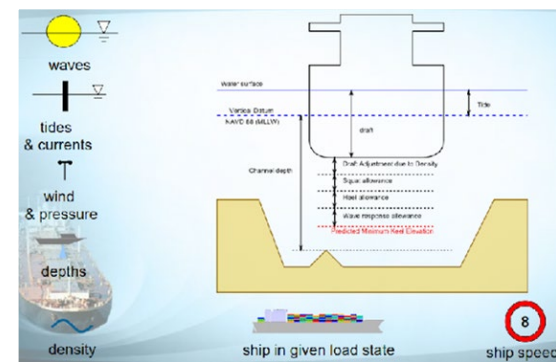
*Prototype S-104 water level forecast guidance from Global ESTOFS, produced and displayed on Electronic Navigational Chart (ENC) Band 2 tiles for Palau in the Pacific Ocean.*



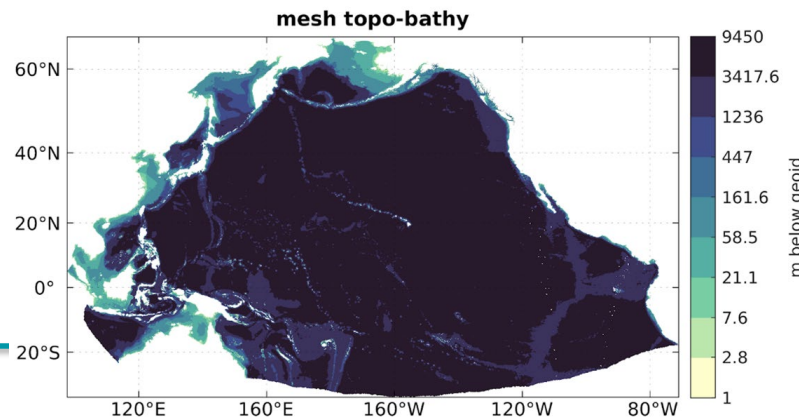
# Pacific Enhancement Project

Pacific Ocean enhancements to Global ESTOFS:

- area of high priority for the U.S.
- higher resolution, improved mesh in key areas
- improved bathymetry
- **ocean model enhancements to provide not only water level forecast guidance but also surface currents for navigation**
- **end goal is to support under keel clearance, route planning for key Pacific ports**



Proposed boundary location for Pacific mesh that will be enhanced



Extract for Pacific topography and bathymetry using boundary location above



# Thanks for your attention!

**Greg Seroka**  
**NOAA/NOS Office of Coast Survey**  
**[Gregory.Seroka@noaa.gov](mailto:Gregory.Seroka@noaa.gov)**